BC's Golden Triangle



It Goes to Kitsault!



BC's Golden Triangle It goes to Kitsault!

Skeena Resources 💢



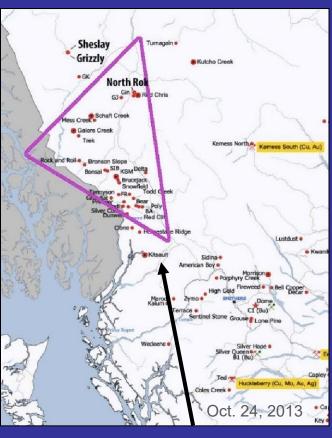
Mining.com 💥

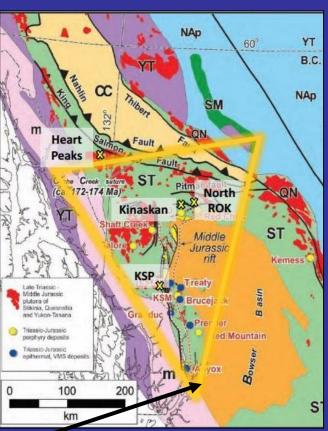
Colorado Resources >













Some Significant NW BC Au (Ag, Cu) Deposits

Red Chris

1 Billion tons @ 0.35 g/t Au and 0.35% Cu (Measured + Indicated)

Eskay Creek:

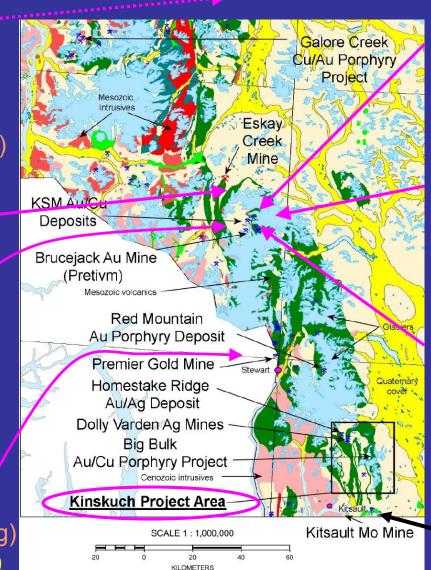
2.5 Million oz Au &-158.9 Million oz Ag (Production)

Brucejack

13.6 Million tons @ 15.7 g/t Au Proven and Probable Reserves (6.9 Million oz of Au)

Ascot Resources

? M tons @ ? g/t Au (Annual drilling ongoing) (2.4Moz AuEq in 2013)



/litchell/Kerr/Sulphurets

2.7 Billion tons @

0.55 g/t Au and

0.21% Cu

(Measured + Indicated)

Deep Kerr:

782 Million tons @ 0.33 g/t Au and

0.54% Cu

(Inferrred)

Snowfield:

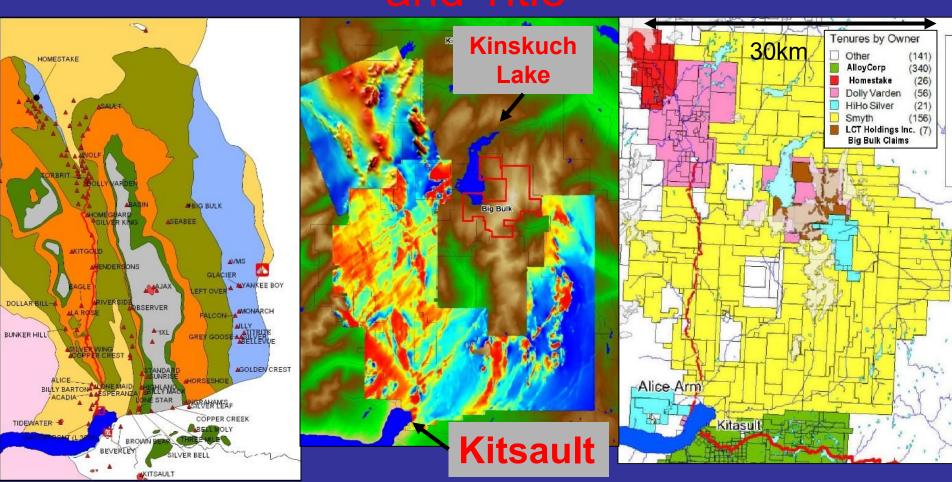
Cat Tons @ Au Cu (mil) (g/t) (%)
Meas 189 0.82 0.09
Ind 1,180 0.55 0.10

Inf 833 0.34 0.06

Kitsault

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Kinskuch Lake ("Kitsault") Area Geology & Mineral Occurrences, Magnetics and Title



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KSM / Kinskuch Geological Setting Similarities

XDM Geological Consultants Inc.

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Mr. Clinton Smyth, Vice President, Exploration/Director Durango Capital Corp.

700 West Pender Street, Suite 800 Vancouver, B.C., Canada V6C 1G8

December 08, 2008

OBSERVATIONS on BIG BULK 2008 DRILL CORE EXAMINATION, and REVIEW OF REPORTS and RECENT DATA

SUMMARY and RECOMMENDATIONS

Big Bulk is a property of merit that deserves additional investigation by diamond drilling to depth. My impressions from examination of 2008 drill cores and review of historic and recent reports and data indicate that exploration to date has discovered only the peripheral and high-level parts of a large, potentially higher grade porphyry copper-gold deposit. The 2008 induced polarization (IP) survey identifies a new and promising target - a large, coherent chargeability anomaly at depth. Kowalczyk's statement (Memo 28/10/08, Figure 1) summarizes the IP interpretation: The unambiguous response of the deep zone gives comfort that this is a body of substantial size.'

My recommendation is to drill test the deep IP anomaly to a depth of at least 500 metres. Favourable drill hole locations, given suitable topography and permissible accessibility, are:

- 1. 6167850N, 478100E vertical hole, to test the flank of the zone with maximum chargeability reposing at elevation around 800 metres
- 6167600N, 477822E vertical hole, also testing the flank of the high chargeability zone
 with drill collar at lower elevation than hole 1
- 6168650N, 477622E angle hole at -70 degrees, azimuth 135 degrees to test the chargeable chute like body (and potential northeast-trending vein or other structurally controlled mineralization).

My preference is to start with either hole 1 or 2, followed by number 3.

"The geological setting and style of mineralization of Big Bulk, other than less deformation, is similar to the Kerr porphyry copper-gold deposit in the Sulphurets District (Ditson *et al*, 1995).

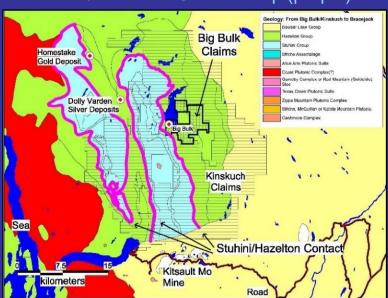
Smaller zones of mineralization at Big Bulk in this high level broad alteration zone are possibly similar to the Sulphurets District Brucejack Au-Ag vein deposits and possibly the Snowfield auriferous quartz stockwork mineralization (Margolis et al, 1995)."

Dr. Andre Panteleyev (2008)

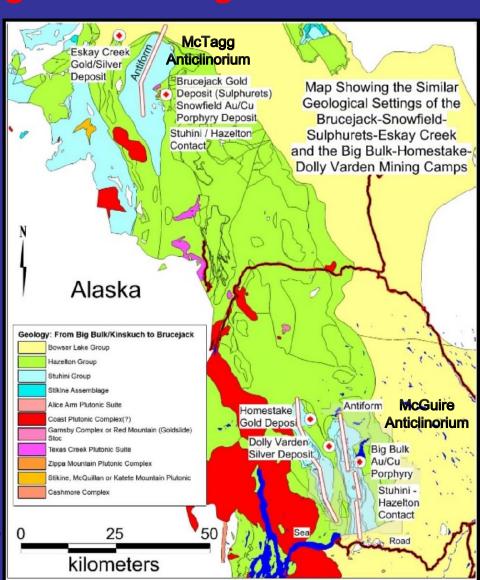
KSM / Kinskuch Geological Setting Similarities

- Both on major anticlinoriums
- Both host Au (Cu)
 mineralisation close to the
 Stuhini / Hazelton contact.

Stuhini / Hazelton Contact Map (purple)



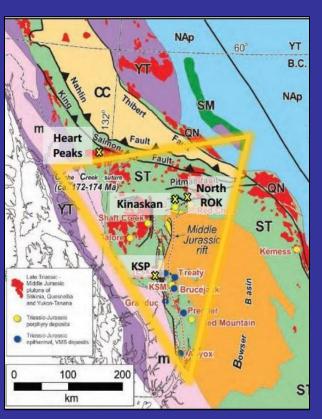
Kyba, J. (2014) "The Stuhini – Hazelton Unconformity of Stikinia, Investigations at KSM- Brucejack, Snip- Johnny Mountain and Red Chris Areas"; Presentation at GSA 2014.

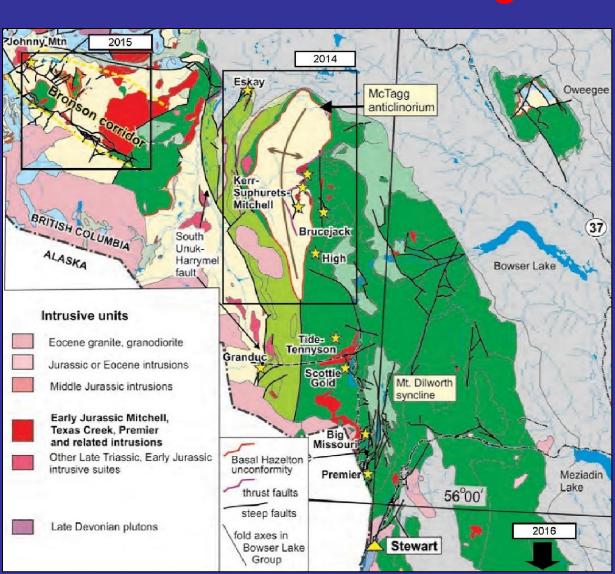


Recent BCGS Research in the Triangle

Publication Year

- KSM/Brucejack: 2014
- Bronson Corridor: 2015
- Kitsault Red Mtn "2016"





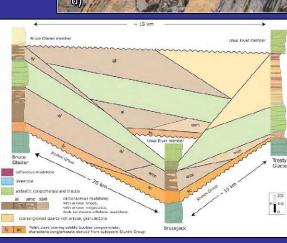
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BCGS Brucejack / KSM Research (2014)

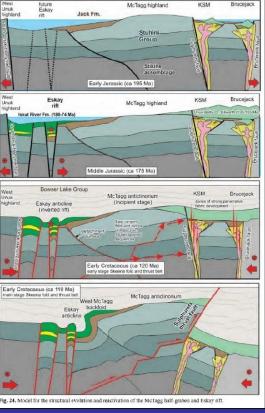




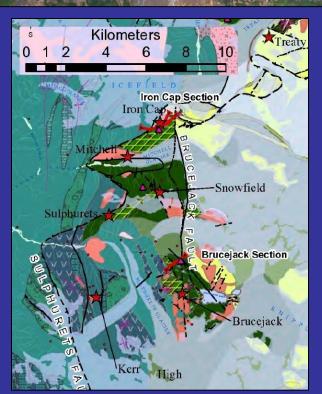




Nelson, J., and Kyba, J., 2014. In: Geological Fieldwork 2013, British Columbia Geological Survey Paper 2014-1, pp. 111-140.





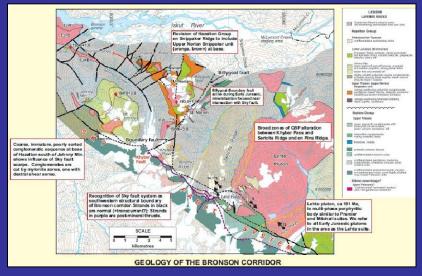


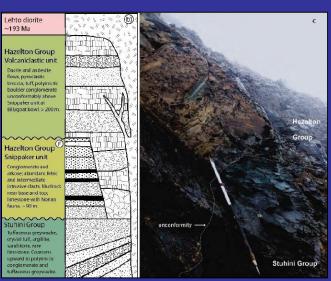
BCGS Bronson Corridor Research (2015)



Steeply northeast-dipping normal-sense shear zones (yellow) on higher part of the ridge separate panels with low-angle normal shear zones. A single thrust fault (red) forms the hanging wall of strong quartz-sericite-pyrite alteration in 'Pins bowl'.

Nelson, J., and Kyba, J., 2015. In: Geological Fieldwork 2014, British Columbia Geological Survey Paper 2015-1, pp. 41 - 58.





KEG Conference

April, 2015

2014 / 2015 Research Conclusion

"In the KSM / Brucejack Camp and in the Bronson Corridor, Early Jurassic extensional +/- wrench faults and related basins controlled intrusion, alteration and porphyry and related mineralisation.

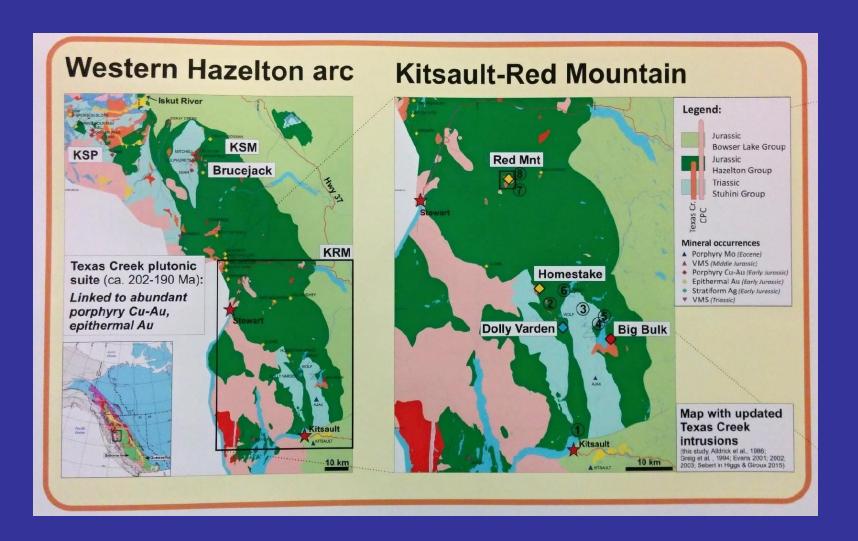
Footwall zones of pervasive QSP alteration facilitated later re-activation of basin-bounding faults as thrust faults.

JoAnne Nelson

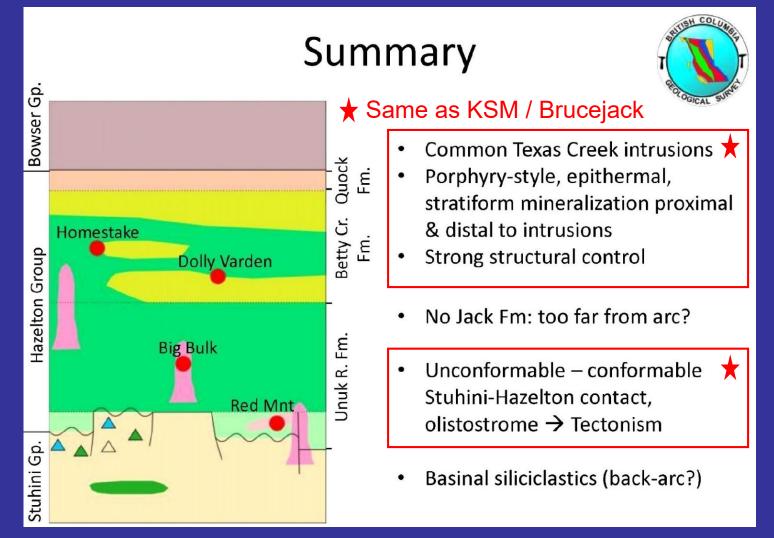
Northwestern Stikinia porphyries – its all their faults!"



BCGS Kitsault – Red Mtn Research (2016)



BCGS Kitsault – Red Mtn Research (2016)



The Kinskuch Area hosts many Au (Cu)-bearing Porphyries (likely all Texas Creek age)

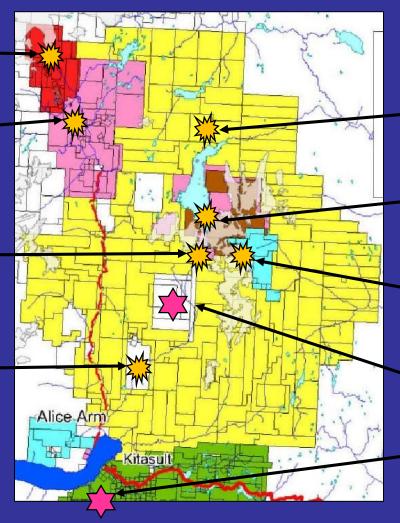
Homestake (before 2003)

Copper Belt (before 2003)

Midnight Blue (2008)

FH (before 2003)

Name (first documented)



St David & JC (2008)

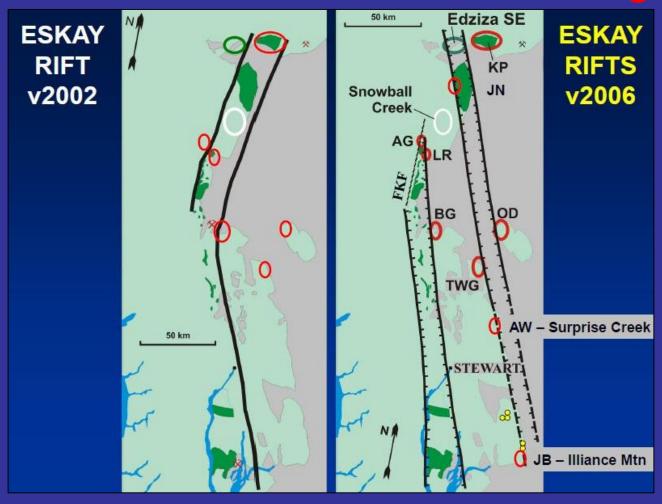
Big Bulk (before 2003)

"North Illiance" (before 2003)

Ajax Mo Porphyry (Eocene)

Kitsault Mo Porphyry (Eocene)

The Kinskuch Area has Rifting



Alldrick, D.J. (2006): "RIFTS & REWARDS: Exploration Potential of Ancient & Modern Rifts"; BC Geological Survey presentation.

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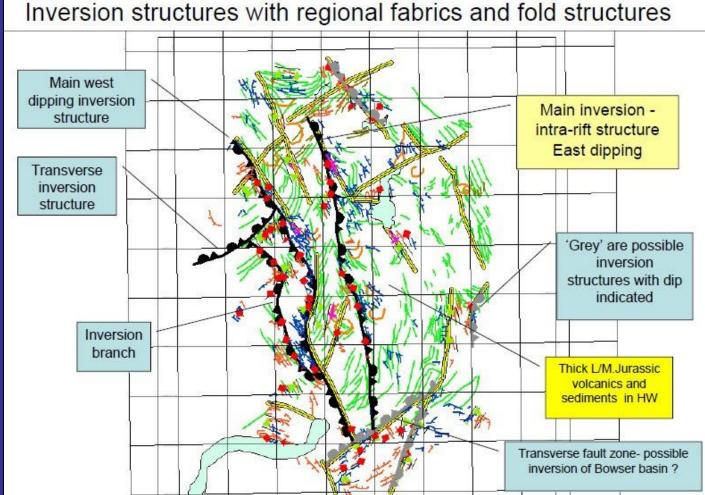
The Kinskuch Area has Inverse Rifting and

Thrusting

Coller, D. (2007) in Assessment Report (2008); Durango Capital Corporation







Left Bottom: BCGS KSM/Brucejack study area shown at same scale as Kinskuch study map at Left Top.)

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The Kinskuch Area has Epithermal Au/Ag and VMS Ag Deposits with Resources

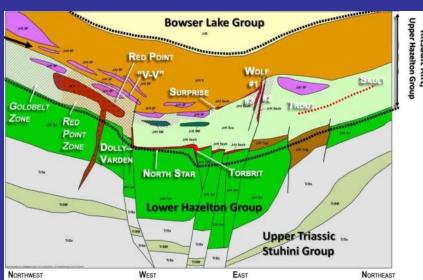
Structural model for the Homestake Ridge Epithermal Au/Ag Deposit

Late Triassic - Early Jurassic? Mid-late Jurassic Early-Mid Jurassic Hazelton Group volcanics/sediments Caldera construction - Rifting Late rift felsic volcanics, sediments and ie: Stuhini - lower Hazelton ie: Betty Creek Fm. post-rift sedimentation ie: Salmon River Fm. - Bowser Lake Grp. Main Deposit/ Fox Zone (on-strike) Homestake North Dome Silver Deposit Target Felsic Dome Black Shale and Bedded/Detrito **Upper Betty Creek** Monzonite MJr syenite ? **Lower Betty Creek**

Source: Homestake Resource Corporation (2014)

8 million tons @ 3.7 g/t Au and 87 g/t Ag (1 Moz Au and 22 Moz Ag).

Structural model for the Dolly Varden VMS Ag
Deposits



Source: Dolly Varden Silver Corporation (2014)

Current Indicated Resource 3 million tons @ 321 g/t Ag (32 Moz Ag). Historic production = 20 Moz Ag.

Aside: Coller (2008) identified inverse rifting in the McGuire Anticlinorium – but not invoked in these interpretations.

Epithermal and VMS: Close Cousins



Alldrick, D.J. (2006): "RIFTS & REWARDS: Exploration Potential of Ancient & Modern Rifts"; BC Geological Survey presentation.

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Target: Dolly Varden / Homestake / Eskay Creek – Style Gold / Silver / Base Metals deposit

Primary Evidence: 2011 DDH intersections; Surface channel sampling; 2011 Airborne EM conductivity anomaly.



Massive Sphalerite & Galena

KN11-03

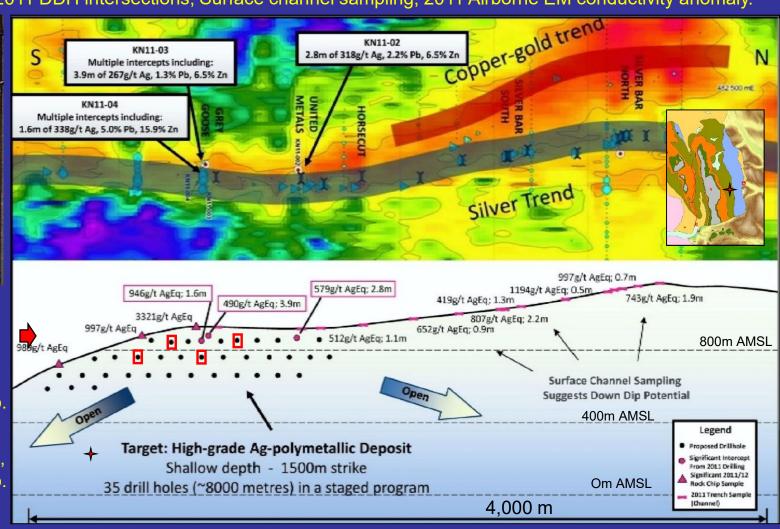
3.9m @ 267g/t Ag,

6.5% Zn & 1.3% Pb.

KN11-02

2.8m @ 3.18 g/t Ag,

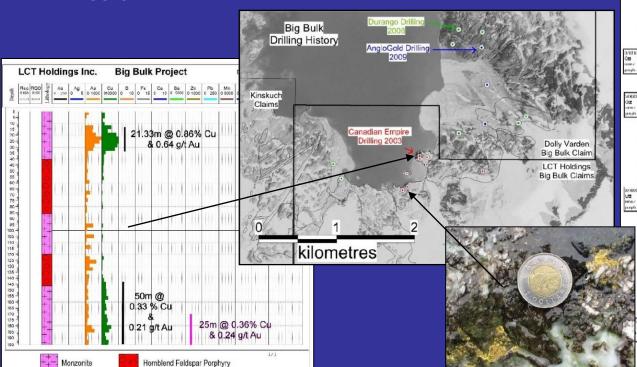
6.5% Zn & 2.2% Pb.



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... and Au/Cu-mineralized porphyry targets with visible

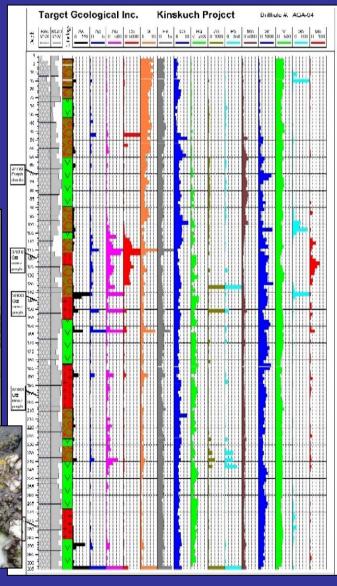
21m @ 0.86% Cu 0.64 g/t Au (12m – 33m) and 50m @ 0.33% Cu 0.21 g/t Au (145m – EoH) in BB03-02



Borehole AGA04 (2009)

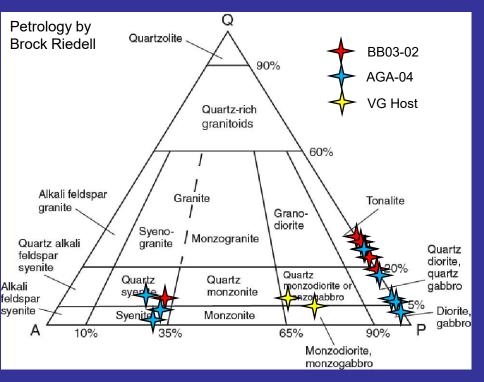






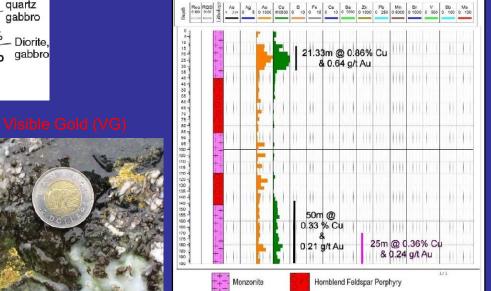
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Big Bulk Drill Target: Modal Mineralogy





Big Bulk Project



LCT Holdings Inc.

meter-resolution b&w orthophoto used for Coller study.

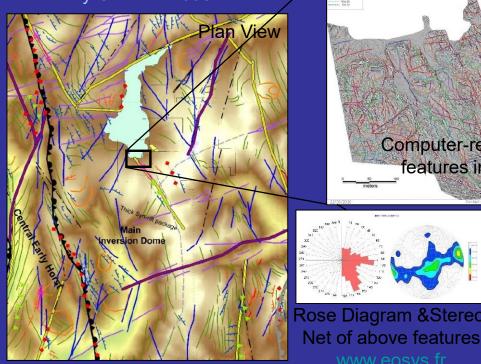
UAV surveying

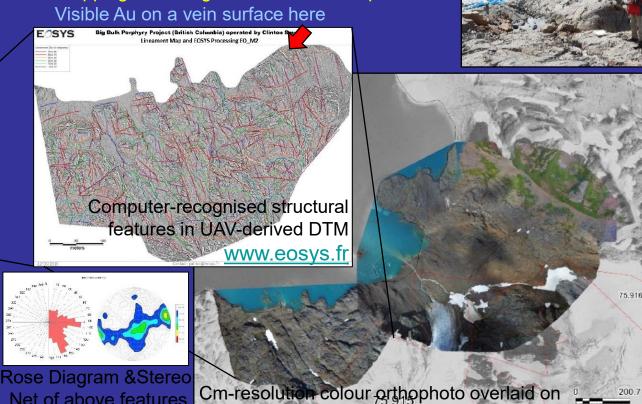
at Big Bulk

Big Bulk: Structure

Key Elements: Rift inversion was documented in 2008 by Coller at Kinskuch and in 2014 by Nelson at Brucejack - where mesothermal Au mineralisation is post-Texas Creek age and structurally controlled. High resolution UAV-based photogrammetry for structural mapping was initiated at Big Bulk in 2015. **Work Required:** UAV-based photogrammetric survey of the entire Lavender Mountain massif as the basis for detailed structural mapping of the Big Bulk intrusive complex.

Major structures identified by Coller in 2008



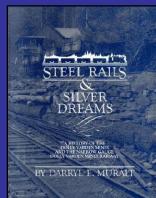


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Big Bulk: Mining Logistics

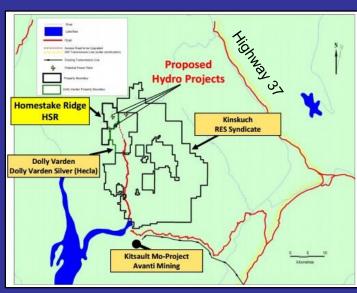
Key Elements:

- * Vehicle access to Kinskuch boundary;
- * Kinskuch property is alongside tidewater;
- * Powerlines run to Kinskuch boundary;
- * Long history of mining at Dolly Varden;
- * Neighbour to ~\$800 million fully-permitted Kitsault Mo mine-development project;
- * Neighbour to ~1M oz AuEq resource at Homestake Ridge;
- * Neighbour to ~40M oz Ag resource at Dolly Varden;

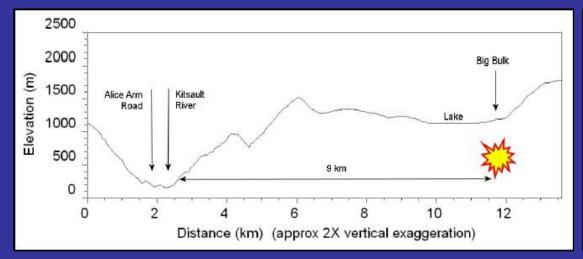


"Steel Rails and Silver Dreams", available on Amazon, documents the history of the Dolly Varden silver mines.

Local Infrastructure



* Tunnel access (7 - 9 km) possible from Kitsault River valley to 800m below level of Kinskuch Lake





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Big Bulk: Glacial Retreat exposing Mineralisation

Key Elements

* Significant glacial retreat over Big Bulk since Teck Corporation mapping in 2002 (documented with 2015 UAV-derived orthophotographs);

* The same applies to glaciers over mineralisation observed in other parts of the Lavender massif, last prospected in 1991 (see next slide).

Below: 1966, 2005 and current glacier edge over Brianne SW Kinskuch Lake Zone of the Big Bulk system (Roundup 2016 poster extract). Glacier in 1966 r Boundary ~1966 float in the Lake Glacier Boundary 2005 from the glacier. Visible gold found here in 2003 SW Kinskuch Lake Glacier in 2015 200 metres

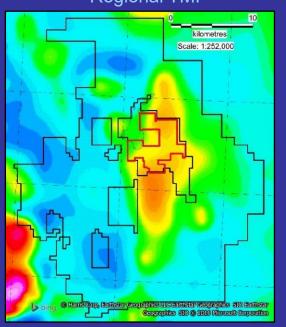
<u> Kinskuch: Geophysics</u>

Key Elements:

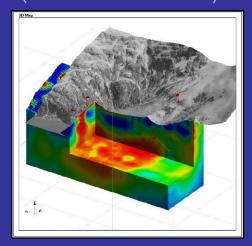
Big Bulk is on the western flank of a 20km by 10 km regional magnetic high which is oblique to the NW strike of the — the likely extent of a multi-phase intrusive system.

Significant chargeability and resistivity variation has been mapped within the system.

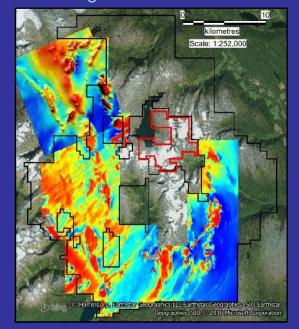
Regional TMI

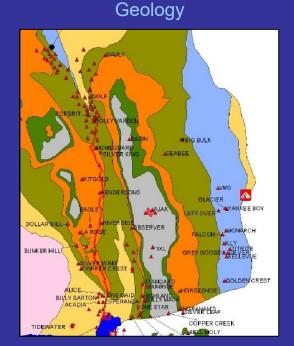


3D Chargeability Model (BB view to South East)



High Resolution TMI

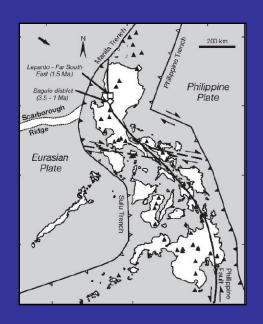




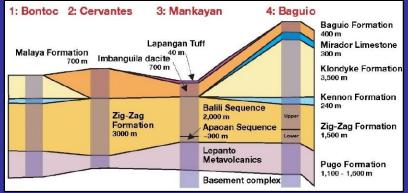
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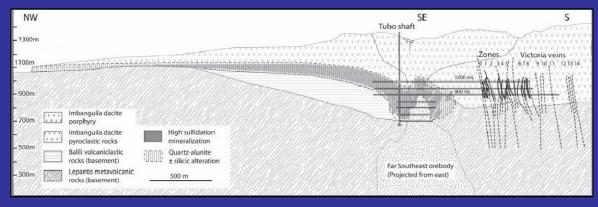
Another Relevant Model: Baguio Area, Philippines

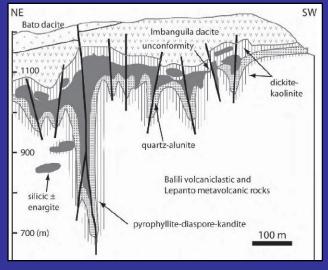




Economic Geology, Vol 106, #6 (2011)



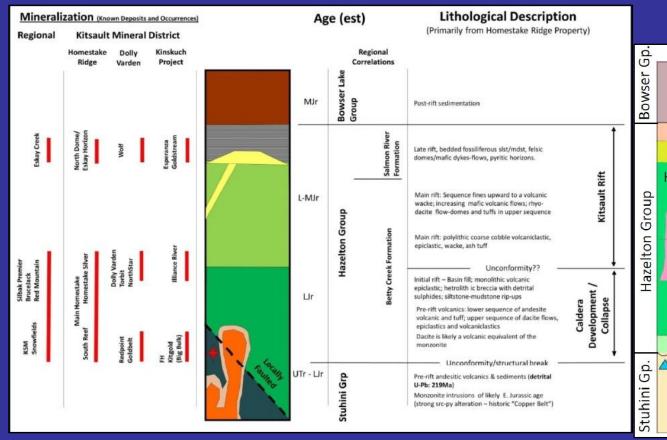




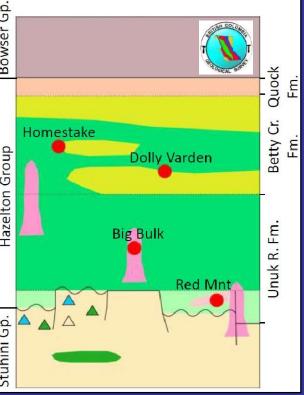
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The McTagg and McGuire Anticlinoriums: Comparative Stratigraphy and Intrusive History Another World Class Report >> World Class Discovery?

Source: Homestake Resource Corporation (2014) - Rob Macdonald



Source: BC Geological Survey (Van Straaten, 2016)



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